



RIDGELINE MINERALS CORP.
(Referred to below as “Golden Ridge” or the “Company”)

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT

PURPOSE OF THIS CODE

The Company has adopted this Code of Ethical Conduct (the “Code”) in order to document the principles of conduct and ethics to be adhered to by the Company’s Directors, Officers, Consultants and Employees, and to establish mechanisms for the reporting of unethical conduct.

The Company is committed to:

- Promote honest and ethical conduct in accordance with the Company’s People Policy;
- Operate in a responsible manner that complies with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- Promote avoidance of conflicts of interest;
- Promote the prompt internal reporting of violations of this Code;
- Promote a safe and healthy workplace; and
- Provide full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents filed with any governing body or publicly disclosed source.

The Company requires and expects its directors and officers to provide leadership and direction with respect to these principles and standards.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Company’s Chief Financial Officer (the “CFO”) is responsible for setting the standards of business conduct contained in the Code, as well as overseeing and monitoring compliance with the Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is the individual responsibility of each director, officer, contractor and employee of the Company to comply with the provisions of this Code and ignorance of the Code will not excuse individuals from its requirements.

The guiding principles of the Code are as follows:

1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees are required to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, those dealing with environmental compliance, confidentiality and disclosure, insider trading, discrimination and harassment, and health and safety.

2. Fair Dealings

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees are required to deal fairly with the Company’s employees, security holders, customers, suppliers and competitors in a business-like manner, free from discriminatory practices, including harassment.



3. Confidentiality

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees are required to maintain and protect the confidentiality of all information and materials relating to the Company which are entrusted to them, or which they receive by virtue of their position of employment with the Company. Such information may only be divulged to persons authorized to receive the information. For added clarity, confidential information may not be divulged to spouses, associates, immediate family, friends, or persons with whom the officer is connected by frequent or close association.

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must not engage in any transactions for personal profit which results or may result from confidential or non-public information which the director, officer, or employee gains by reason of their position or authority.

4. Work Behavior

We work collaboratively. We work together towards solutions that benefit our business and our shareholders. Harassment (including all forms of sexual harassment and harassment based upon other legally protected categories), bullying, rude or disrespectful behavior, lewd comments, and pornography are not allowed. The Company prohibits any threats of violence while conducting business on or off property of the Company. Please see the People Policy in Appendix C.

5. Protection of Intellectual Property and Company Assets

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees are responsible for the appropriate care and protection of all corporate property associated with their duties, including exercising reasonable safeguards to prevent theft or damage. Company facilities and property, including furniture, equipment, and supplies may only be used for business purposes, and should not be removed from Company premises without authorization. Intellectual property and other proprietary information including documents or files must be similarly safeguarded and should not be removed from company premises without authorization. All ideas, methods, techniques, technical or business innovations, patents, and written or computer coded materials manifested in Company products are considered “works made for hire” and all rights are owned by the Company.

6. Computer/Communication Systems

Information and Computer Responsibility

If you have access to Company computing and communication devices, you are expected to use them in a responsible manner for the benefit of the Company. Whether you work in an Information Technology capacity, are a member of the management team or simply use computing and communication devices to do your job, you should ensure that they are used appropriately and with care. While incidental personal use may occasionally occur and is acceptable, these resources are intended for Company benefit and use.

Do not disclose your computer system passwords and/or user identification to anyone except in accordance with Company policy. You must not use personal software on Company systems and must adhere to all applicable software licensing agreements when using our computer and communication systems.

Email and the Internet

Company computer systems, data, programs and communication systems are the property of Ridgeline. We are able to monitor and record all email, internet use and files stored in private areas of our network. You should at no time expect privacy when using our computing resources – whether you are accessing them on site or from a remote location (e.g. by employees from home). The



Company reserves the right to monitor and review any material created, stored, sent or received on our network. As an employee, officer or director, you are encouraged to use the Company's proved Internet resource when it is appropriate for business purposes. However, the infrastructure required to provide this access represents a sizeable commitment of our resources. You should avoid unnecessary and/or inappropriate Internet use as it causes network and server congestion, additional costs and puts our computer resources at risk. For these reasons, you may not use the Internet for personal, non-work related activities including viewing and/or distributing illegal, offensive or pornographic material.

7. Declaration of Commitment

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees will be required to review and declare their commitment to the Code. Upon being hired, recruited or employed by the Company, an officer, director or employee will be responsible for reviewing the code and signing and dating the declaration in the form provided in Appendix A. There will be an annual review and every year there will be a requirement to further declare whether you are aware of any breaches of the Code and to further agree to comply with the Code. Should you become aware of a potential conflict of the Code a declaration will become necessary in the form presented in Appendix B.

8. Use of Resources

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must safeguard and use the Company's assets and resources, including opportunity, information and publication of the name of the Company, for legitimate business purposes only and not for personal use.

9. Company Records

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees are responsible to ensure the integrity of the Company's accounting, financial, geological and engineering and other records of the Company to ensure the full, fair, accurate and timely disclosure of financial information.

10. Duty of Loyalty

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must act honestly, in good faith, and in the best interests of the Company.

11. Duty of Care

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees owe a duty of care to the Company and must exercise the degree of skill and diligence reasonably expected from an ordinary person of his or her knowledge and experience.

12. Duty to Disclose

Directors have a duty to disclose to the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") their individual private interests, if any, in transactions in which the Company is involved or proposed to be involved. An officer must disclose such interests to the Chief Executive Officer or the Chairman of the Board.

13. Conflicts of Interest

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees shall avoid situations where their individual personal interests could conflict with, or appear to conflict with, the interests of the Company and its stakeholders, and shall perform the responsibilities of their positions on the basis of what they firmly



believe is in the best interests of the Company, free from the influence of personal considerations and relationships.

A conflict of interest may be real or apparent:

- A “real conflict of interest” occurs when directors, Officers, or employees exercise their corporate duties, official powers or perform official duties or functions and at the same time know that in doing so there is the opportunity for personal gain.
- An “apparent conflict of interest” occurs when a reasonably well-informed person could have a perception that a director’s, officer’s or employee’s ability to exercise their corporation duty, an official power, or perform that official duty or function, was or will be affected by that individuals’ private interests.

Examples of conflict of interests are as follows:

a. Furthering Private Interests

(i) Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees should avoid any outside financial interests which might influence their corporate decisions or actions, and must not engage in such activities or transactions where the activity or transaction may be detrimental to the Company or where the activity is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of their duties to the Company.

(ii) If a director or officer is directly or indirectly personally interested in a proposed activity or transaction which involves the Company, or if the director or officer has discretionary decision-making power which could bring about financial benefit to the director or officer due to his or her financial holdings or business and property interests, there is potential for a conflict of interest. In these instances, at a minimum, these circumstances and these holdings should be disclosed to the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. If it is determined there is a conflict of interest, the conflict must be disclosed to the Board.

b. Corporate Opportunity

(i) Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees cannot divert to a third party, themselves, their spouses, their children or a private corporation controlled by any of these individuals, a maturing business opportunity that the Company is pursuing.

(ii) Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees of the Company whose corporate duties bring them into business dealings with a business in which they or a member of their family has a financial interest or to which they or a member of their family has an indebtedness, or a business employing a relative or close friend, must immediately:

1. In respect of a director or officer, notify the CEO; and
2. In respect of an employee, notify his or her immediate supervisor, who will then notify the CFO; and such business dealings may not be completed unless properly authorized by the CFO.

c. Preferential Treatment of Others

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must not assist others in their dealings with the Company if this may result in preferential treatment. A director, officer or employee who exercises regulatory, inspection, or other discretionary authority over others, must disqualify



themselves from dealing with individuals where the director's, officer's or employee's relationship with the individual could bring their impartiality into question.

d. *Use of Corporate Property for Private Interest*

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must not use corporate property to pursue private interests or the interests of a spouse, family members or a private corporation controlled by any of these individuals. Corporate property includes real and tangible items such as moneys or financial instruments, land, buildings, furniture, fixtures, equipment supplies, and vehicles and also includes intangible items such as data, computer systems, reports, information, proprietary rights, patents, trademarks, copyrights, logos, name and reputation. The Company may, through prior written approval by an appropriate person within the Company, authorize a director, officer or employee to use corporate property where doing so does not result in additional costs to the Company, does not detract from a director's, officer's or employee's performance of duties to the Company, and does not result in a material personal gain.

e. *Dealing with Suppliers and Consultants*

The Company is a valuable customer for the suppliers of goods, services and facilities. People who want to do business or to continue to do business, with the Company must understand that all purchases by the Company will be made exclusively on the basis of price, quality, service and sustainability to the Company's needs.

"Kickbacks" and Rebates

Purchases of goods and services by the Company must not lead to Directors, Officers, Consultants, or Employees, or their families, receiving any type of personal kickbacks or rebates. Directors, Officers, Consultants, or Employees, or their families, must not accept any form of "under-the-table" payment.

f. *Accepting Significant Gifts, Benefits and Entertainment*

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must not solicit or accept benefits, entertainment or gifts in exchange for or as a condition of the exercise of duties or as an inducement for performing an act associated with the director's, officer's or employee's duties or responsibilities to the Company except within the guidelines set forth below.

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees generally may accept gifts, hospitality or other benefits associated with official duties and responsibilities if such gifts, hospitality or other benefits:

- Are within the bounds of propriety, a normal expression of courtesy, or within the normal standards of hospitality;
- Are advertising and promotional materials, clearly marked with the company or brand names;
- Would not bring suspicion on the employee's objectivity and impartiality; and
- Would not compromise the integrity of the Company.

An improper gift or benefit should be returned to the person offering it as soon as practicable. If there is no opportunity to return an improper gift or benefit, or where the return may be perceived as offensive for cultural or other reasons, the gift must immediately be disclosed and turned over to the Corporate Secretary or the Legal Affairs manager who will attend to a suitable disposition of the item.



g. Working Relationships

Directors, Officers, Consultants, Employees and individuals who are direct relatives or who permanently reside together may not be employed or hold office in situations where:

- A reporting relationship exists where a Director, Officer, Contractor or Employee has influence, input or decision-making power over the relative or cohabitant's performance evaluation, salary, special permissions, conditions of work or similar matters; and

The working relationship affords an opportunity for collusion between the individuals that could have a detrimental effect on the Company's interest. This restriction may be waived if the CEO or CFO is satisfied that sufficient safeguards are in place to ensure that the interests of the Company are not compromised and the conflict has been documented.

14. International Operations

Corporate Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees operating outside of Canada have a special responsibility to know and obey the laws and regulations of countries where they act for the Company.

15. Health, Safety and Environmental Protection

Directors, Officers, Consultants, and Employees must pay due regard to the health and safety of its employees, Officers, and directors and others and to the state of the environment, including full compliance with federal, provincial, state and local workplace safety and environmental laws which through various governmental agencies regulate both the physical safety of employees, Officers, and directors as well as exposure to conditions in the workplace. Should you be faced with an environmental health issue or have a concern about workplace safety, you should contact your supervisor or notify management immediately. We must be aware of the laws and penalties for non-compliance in the countries in which we operate, including the laws of regional and local governments and their potentially complex legislation to ensure we comply with the laws and protect the health and safety of employees, or the general interests of the public, to the prevention of pollution and the protection of the environment. These laws often provide penalties both for the companies involved and executive personnel in the event of violations.

16. Violations of Standards

If a Director, Officer, Contractor, or Employee finds him or herself in a conflict of interest, or in violation of the Code, their duties are as follows:

When the individual involved is an employee:

- The individual must immediately notify his or her immediate superior.
- If the conflict or violation cannot be avoided or resolved by the individual and his or her respective superior, the individual must advise the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer.
- For non-executive Officers, the Chief Financial Officer may, in appropriate circumstances as he or she determines using best judgment, waive a conflict or violation of the Code. Any such waivers must be reported to the CEO at its next meeting.
- For Officers, of the Company, only the Board may waive a conflict or violation.



When the individual involved is a director:

- The individual must immediately notify the Chairman of the Board; the Chairman will advise the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee and/or a non-executive director if no committee is in place at that time.

If the conflict or potential conflict cannot be avoided or resolved:

- The Chairman will advise the remainder of the Board to discuss a resolution; and
- The director must abstain as the case may be, from any vote or meeting, in connection with the subject of the conflict.

17. Reporting of Illegal or Unethical Behavior

A director has a duty to report to the Board, and an officer or an employee has a duty to report to the Chief Executive Officer, any activity which:

- He or she believes contravenes the law;
- Represents a real or apparent conflict of interest or a breach of this Code;
- Represents a misuse of the Company's funds or assets;
- Represents a danger to public health, safety, or the environment; or
- Might result in a failure by the Company to provide full, fair, accurate and timely disclosure of financial results and material facts.

The Company will not tolerate any form of retaliation against individuals who submit reports or complaints in good faith regarding suspected violations of the Code.

18. Waiver of the Code

Subject to provisions in Section 12 of this Code, any waiver of the Code for the benefit of a director or officer may be granted only by the Board of Directors of the Company, or a committee of the Board duly authorized to do so.

Any waivers will be promptly disclosed as required by law or stock exchange regulations applicable to the Company, and will be reported to the CFO at its next meeting.



APPENDIX A

DIRECTOR, OFFICER, CONTRACTOR AND EMPLOYEE DECLARATION AND COMMITMENT

Last Name _____ First Name _____

Declaration

I, the undersigned, declare that I have read and understood Ridgeline's Code of Ethical Conduct and its related policies. I agree to comply with the Code of Ethical Conduct and amendments thereto, provided such amendments have been brought to my attention. I declare that I have informed the Company, through one of its Officers, of any known or potential conflicts of interest involving me by preparing and submitting the applicable Declaration Form. I agree to report any new Conflict of Interest as soon as it arises. I declare that I have no actual or potential Conflict of Interest apart from those stated in the Declaration of Actual or Potential Conflicts of Interest.

Signature _____ Date _____

Signature of Witness _____ Date _____

Name of Witness _____



APPENDIX B

DECLARATION OF ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Employee Name _____

- A. I am directly or indirectly involved in another enterprise or occupation that is or could be in conflict with the interests of the Company.
- B. I have direct or indirect investments or business relations that are or could be in conflict with the interests of the Company.
- C. I have direct or indirect personal or family relations that are or could be in conflict with the interests of the Company.
- D. Other items(details provided below):

Signature _____ Date _____

Signature of Manager _____ Date _____

Signature of Officer _____ Date _____

- E. Conflict situation has been resolved by:

Signature _____ Date _____

Signature of Manager _____ Date _____

Signature of Officer _____ Date _____



RIDGELINE MINERALS CORP.
(Referred to below as “We”, “Ridgeline” or the “Company”)

PEOPLE POLICY (APPENDIX “C”)
(Referred to below as the “Policy”)

The success of our business comes from the accomplishments and well-being of our employees and Consultants. Our goal is to build a workplace culture that fosters leaders and allows every person to thrive, contribute and grow. This Policy reflects our commitment to employees and to those with whom we work. It outlines the commitments we make to select and develop our employees and to establish a work environment where everyone can take an active part in reaching our strategic goals while feeling a sense of pride in working at Ridgeline.

1. We are committed to the success of all our employees. We believe our talent is a competitive advantage, and our investment in our employees is consistent with that philosophy. We focus on training and development, performance management, succession planning and talent management. We develop and implement training programs to support capacity building of the local workforce. As needed, Ridgeline may deploy international assignees for individual development and to satisfy critical business needs.
2. We treat all people with respect. We are committed to an environment where employees engage collaboratively and respectfully with one another. We do not adversely discriminate against one another on the basis of national origin, race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, disability, age, or any other attribute that is protected by local laws. Sexual harassment or harassment in the form of bullying, rude and disrespectful behavior, or upon legally protected categories is not allowed. Ridgeline prohibits any threats of violence while conducting business on or off Company premises.
3. We make employment decisions fairly. Our capability to operate and grow our business requires a skilled workforce. We seek to recruit, place, promote, compensate and retain employees on the basis of their qualifications for the work to be performed, including experience, merit, and other work-related criteria. We develop and communicate procedures – in consultation with stakeholders – that promote equitable and transparent recruitment practices.
4. We value diversity and promote an inclusive work environment. We are on a journey to becoming an industry-leader in global inclusion and diversity. We welcome employees from a wide range of cultures and races. We seek to maximize local employment and to increase diversity in our workforce to better reflect the communities where we operate. We desire a work environment where all employees feel valued and encouraged to contribute to their fullest potential.
5. We investigate workplace complaints. Ridgeline is committed to open and honest communication at all levels of the organization. Employees are expected to raise questions and concerns and are encouraged to do so through their chain of command. We also have a formal process for anonymously raising workplace complaints; all allegations raised through this process are appropriately investigated and corrective action is taken when merited. We prohibit retaliation toward. An employee bringing forward a complaint, grievance or question. We compensate in a fair and equitable manner.
6. We realize that in order to recruit, engage and retain the best people, we must provide a vision of Ridgeline as a compelling place to establish a meaningful and robust career with both financial and growth opportunities. A core component of this is our Total Rewards program, which includes a compensation philosophy that ensures a competitive and consistent compensation position in



all locations. We comply with all local laws pertaining to work hours and overtime, and we do not engage in or condone any form of child, forced or compulsory labour at any of our sites.